

## Emergency Report (4)

on Damages Caused by Low **Atmospheric Pressure in IDP Camps** in Hadramawt, Al-Jawf, Shabwah, Abyan, Al-Dhalea and Al Maharah Taiz and Marib Governorates 25/4/2024







From 16 to 24 April 2024, the governorates of Hadramawt, Al-Jawf, Shabwah, Abyan, Al-Dhalea, Taiz, Marib and Al-Maharah were hit by heavy rains and floods due to the low atmospheric pressure. This affected 4798displaced households across the affected governorates.

Hadramawt Governorate, where there are 13,088 IDP HHs in camps, was one of the governorates affected by the heavy rains and floods, in general and the IDP camps in particular. The Executive Unit for IDPs, through the emergency operations rooms established in the governorates impacted by the low air pressure, confirmed that1,335 IDP HHs residing in the IDP camps of Maryamah, Madouda, Hosh Al-Adros, and Northern Gharran, Al-Khazan and Sam'aon located in Sayun, Mukalla, Al Abr and Ash Shihr Districts were affected. The shelters, NFIs and food of these IDPs HHs have been completely or partially destroyed. It is critical to provide the 1,220 IDP households with emergency shelters, 1,335 NFIs kits, and 1,335 food kits.

Al-Jawf Governorate, where there are 2,622 IDP HHs in camps, also experienced a wave of rains. The rains and floods impacted Al-Rayyan sub-district, Khub and Al-Shaaf District, affecting 1,700 IDP HHs. These affected households require 1,700 emergency shelters, 1,700 NFIs kits, and 1,700 food kits.

Similarly, Shabwah Governorate, where there are 6,564 IDP HHs in camps, was affected by the low atmospheric pressure. The rains and floods in Bayhan District damaged some IDP camps. Information gathered indicates that 31 IDP HHs were completely or partially affected. The most critical needs are 31 emergency shelters, 31 NFIs kits, and food kits for these 13 HHs.

As the low atmospheric pressure expanded, heavy rains and floods struck Abyan and Al-Dhalea Governorates. The Executive Unit in Abyan Governorate, where there are 7,680 in camps, displaced households, monitored the damage to the IDP camps, specifically Altwmasi Camp, located in Zinjibar District, where 458 IDP HHs living in camps, were affected. Their urgent needs include 458 emergency shelters, 458 NFI kits, and 458 food kits.

Al-Dhalea Governorate, where there are 11,092 IDP HHs in camps, was also impacted by the low air pressure leading to rains and floods. The Ex.U. monitored 423 IDP HHs were affected in Affash, Western Sahada Camps B and the Eastern Sahada Camps (Central Security Camp - Al-Jama'i Camp, located in Qa'atabah District. These households require 423 shelters, NFI kits, and food supplies.

Al-Maharah Governorate, where there are 7620 IDP HHs, was affected by the low air pressure, where a sandstorm hit Shahin District. Then heavy rain hit the governorate. The Ex.U. monitored 258 IDP HHs were affected in the IDP camps in Al Masilah and Shahin Districts. It was found that the IDP HHs are in need for 258 shelters and 258 NFIs and 165 food supplies.

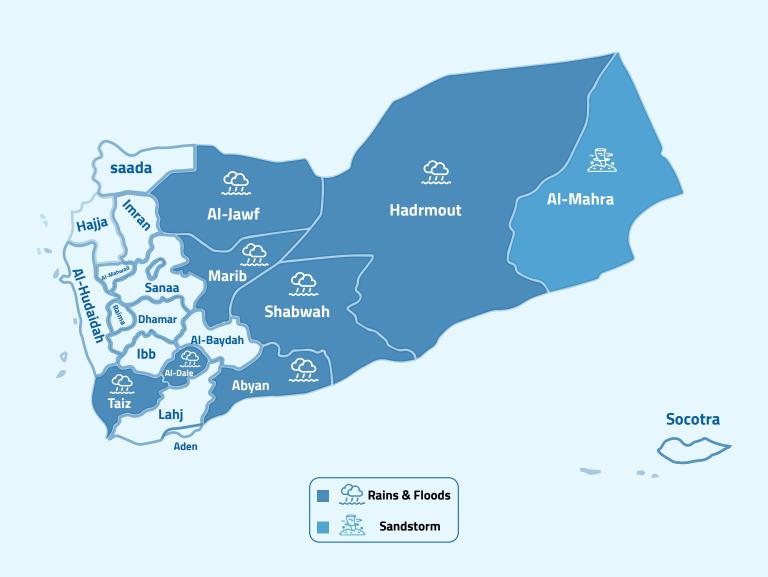
Marib Governorate, where there are 56596 IDP HHs living in camps, was affected by the low air pressure leading to rains and floods. The Ex.U. monitored 540 IDP HHs were affected in Al Nuqaia'a, Marda Aal Muaili, Al-Bader, Al Sayl, Al Hudhn, Batha'a Al Khalayet, Alsomaya'a, and Al Dalil camps, located in Al Wadi District. These households require 540 shelters, 540 NFI kits, and 540 food kits.

Taiz Governorate, where there are 13,324 IDP HHs in camps, was affected by the low air pressure leading to rains and floods.

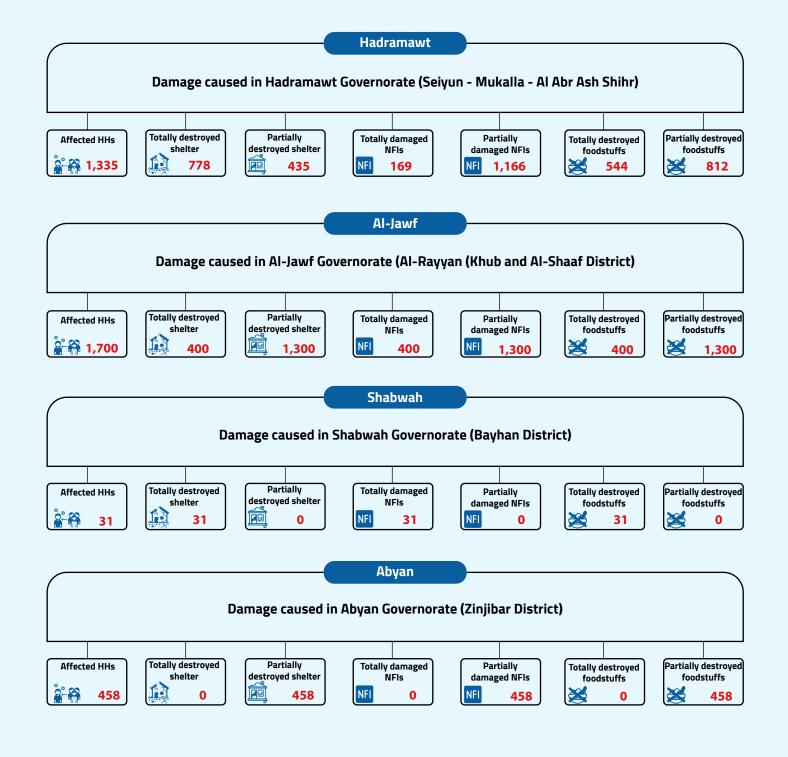
The Ex.U. monitored 53 IDP HHs were affected in Talha camp, located in Al Qahirah District, and Al Jardah Camp, located in Al-Mesrakh District. These households require 53 shelters, 53 NFI kits, and 53 food kits.

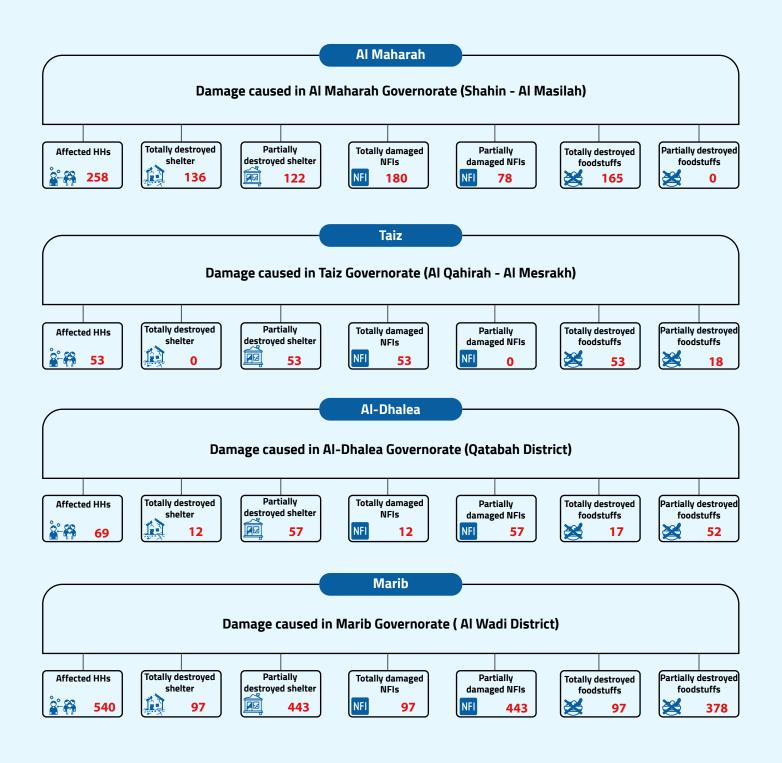


The geographical scope of the low air pressure includes Hadramawt, Al-Jawf, Shabwah, Abyan, Al-Dhalea, Taiz, Marib and Al-Maharah governorates.

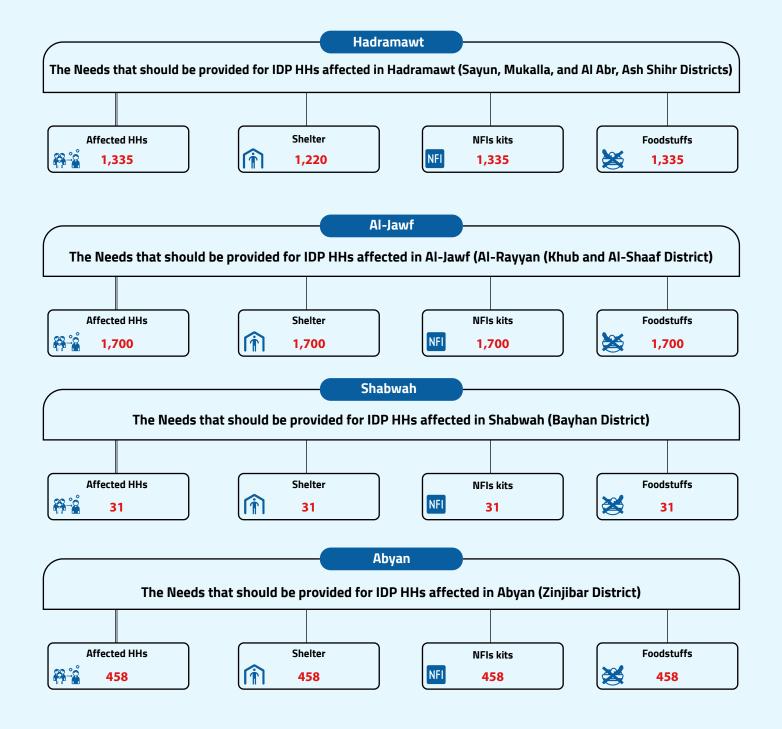


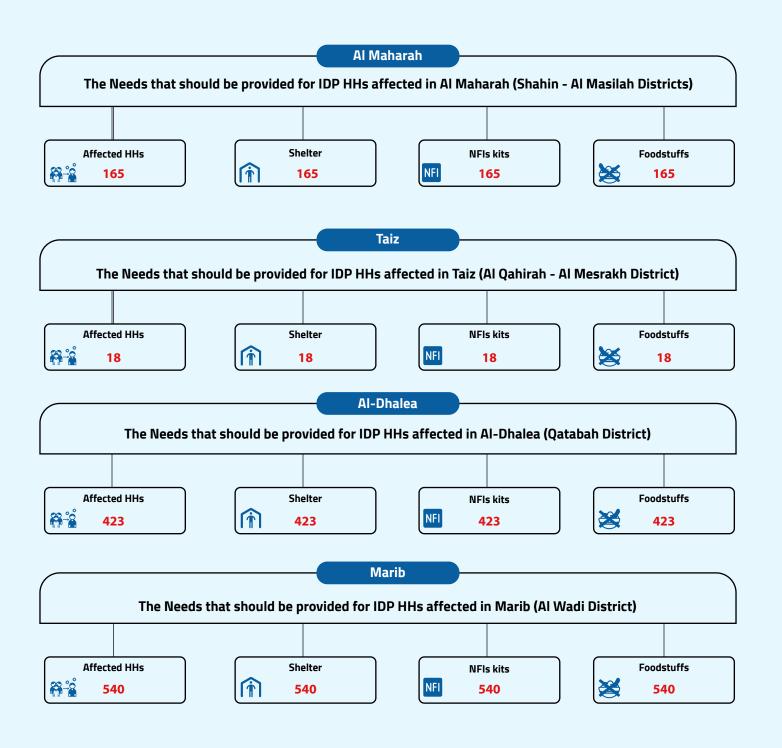














Since the low atmospheric pressure was announced, the Executive Unit has been working continuously to monitor the situation in the affected governorates, including the impacted sites and camps. The Executive Unit has implemented a comprehensive package of actions at the level of governorates, districts and the head office. These actions include:

- Forming emergency committees and field teams in governorates, districts and camps to monitor and assess the situation in coordination with local authorities and humanitarian partners.
- Visit sites affected immediately after the rainfall to document the damage, assess the situation and identify needs.
- Communicate with local authorities in the affected governorates and coordinate with humanitarian partners to provide humanitarian assistance to the affected families
- Follow up on updates on the field developments of the low atmospheric pressure in the affected governorates, assess, identify the needs, issuing reports and sharing them with humanitarian partners.
- Coordinate the humanitarian interventions with humanitarian partners and work to deliver aid to affected IDP HHs in the affected governorates.



## Recommendations

The Executive Unit recommends the following:

- It is necessary to Implement urgent interventions by international organizations and non-governmental organizations to provide emergency assistance to affected households.
- Strengthening the capacity of the Executive Unit by completing the equipping of the Early Warning
   Centre in order to reduce the effects of climate change.
- It is necessary to find permanent and effective mechanisms to confront climate change in coordination with the relevant government agencies.
- It is necessary to exert joint collaborative efforts between local authorities and non-governmental organizations to identify safe locations, away from flood-prone areas, for IDP camps.

## Photos of damages





















